



# AM4FD Series DATA SHEET

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# **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Description				
1.3	2005/11/3	Modify page number.     Add and revise standby function description (Halt and Standby Mode).     Revise and add Isb Standby Mode Condition.	-			
1.4	2005/12/14	Revise and add lii (Input current) characteristics.	-			
1.50	2009/12/7	Remove system clock 16MHz condition (Operating voltage and Standby mode).      Revise Vss ~ Vdd characteristics.	4 8			



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## 1. General Description

The AM4FDxxxx series are very low cost midi & voice synthesizers with 4-bit microprocessor. They have various features including 4-bit ALU, ROM, RAM, I/O ports, timers, clock generator, MIDI and voice synthesizer, current D/A and PWM outputs, etc. The audio synthesizer contains eight channels. Furthermore, they consist of 60 instructions in these devices. With CMOS technology, halt and standby function can minimize power dissipation. Their architectures are similar to RISC, with two stages of instruction pipeline. Most of instructions are executed in a single cycle, except for few instructions that need two or three instruction cycles.

#### 2. Features

- (1) Single power supply can operate from 2.4V to 5.5V at 8MHz.
- (2) Program ROM can be up to 256k x 12-bit. (0000H~3FFFH, 4 banks)
- (3) There are 9 bodies in AM4FD series:

Product	Voice Duration (sec)	ROM Size (12-bit)
AM4FD010B	10	32k
AM4FD015B	15	48k
AM4FD020B	20	64k
AM4FD031B	31	96k
AM4FD041B	41	128k
AM4FD052B	52	160k
AM4FD063B	63	192k
AM4FD073B	73	224k
AM4FD084B	84	256k

- (4) Data SRAM can be up to 448 x 4-bit. (20H~FFH, 2 pages)
- (5) There are total 18 I/O pins, PRA/PRB/PRC/PRD and PRE[0,1]. Each pin of all ports can be wake-up port when they are configured as input or IO mode.
- (6) There are two kinds of clock sources in the device of AM4F.
  - a) Resistor mode (RM).
  - b) High frequency crystal mode (HM).
- (7) Halt and Standby Mode

System clock can be totally stopped in halt mode, and cause all functions stop to save power. The Standby mode is similar to halt mode, except the system clock is still working. However, it is required to execute STB instruction to enter standby mode. Once the AM4F IC is under the standby mode and running for a period of time, the "wakeup" signal, which is generated by internal interrupt or external input change, can lead AM4F IC into the normal operating mode. Under slower system clock, that is standby mode, the power consumption is around 90uA@3V and 180uA@4.5V under the condition of 8MHz (Rosc=390Kohm). Hence, the power-saving program counter function can be applied in this mode. For details, please refer to Alpha's Application Note number APN-05007.

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- (8) Each I/O pin can be one of four mask options: (Mask Option)
  - a) Floating input
  - b) IO with input weak pull high (Register Control)
  - c) Input with weak pull high
  - d) Output
- (9) There is one port for large current output: PRA0~3
- (10) Built-in infrared (IR) carrier output: (Mask Option)

There are built-in infrared carrier output ports in the device that can be taken as transmission port in wireless transmission. The built-in IR carrier output can be optioned to high/low carry and be specified frequency with setting its timer value. User can set PRA[1] or PRB[1] as IR carrier pin.

- (11) Voice and Timbre encoding method:
  - a) 6-bit Alpha ALS-PCM encoding. (Two samples for one word)
  - b) 8-bit PCM encoding. ("B" version only. One sample for one word, 4 bits are unused for audio data.)
- (12) MIDI and voice output:

There are eight output channels. User can specify any combination of mixing channels for both DAC1 or DAC2. Each channel can be configured as pure wave play or automatic repeat to easy the implementation of MIDI.

- (13) There are two kinds of audio output method. User can select one type of audio output by programming special function registers SPDRV (\$11). (Register Control)
  - a) One 8 bits PWM output.
  - b) Two 10 bits DAC output.
- (14) 16-level volume control (Register Control)

There is a 16-level volume control for both PWM and DAC. It is used to control the volume level and to minimize the mixing saturation.

(15) Eight-level current output (Mask Option)

There is a mechanism in DAC output in order to increase elasticity of DAC output driving current. User can utilize the current control to change DC working point of DAC output for different bipolar transistor.

- (16) Watch Dog Timer (WDT)
- (17) External Reset: User can set PRA[3] or PRB[3] as reset pin. (Mask Option)
- (18) There are 4 methods of internal reset:
  - a) Power-on reset
  - b) Watchdog reset
  - c) Low voltage reset
  - d) External reset
- (19) Number of instruction: 60



## 3. Memory

#### 3.1 ROM

The ROM memory could be divided into three portions. The first portion 0x0~0xF is addressed for interrupt in normal mode. The second portion 0x10~0x3FF is reserved for test program. The last portion 0x400~0x3FFFF located in the address range that could be accessed by program counter (PC) and others' pointer simultaneously. Address bits[19:16] is accessed by setting PCH value in SFR\$14 to switch banks. That is, each bank has memory space 64K words. This portion could be used to store program and data. Figure 5.1 shows the ROM map.

	ROM Space
\$00000	Interrupt Vector
\$0000F \$00010	
	Test Program
\$003FF	
\$00400	Program & Data Space
\$3FFFF	

FIGURE 3.1: ROM Map of AM4FDxxxx

#### **3.2 SRAM**

Each of the two SRAM pages is range form 0x20 to 0xFF, that is 224\*4-bit for a page. 0x00~0x1F is left for special function register. Instruction SRB, RRB is limited to apply to SFR and first 32 nibbles SRAM (0x20~0x3F).

	Register Space
\$00	Special Function Register
\$1F	-
\$20	SRB, RRB only apply to SFR and first
\$3F	32 nibbles GPR
\$40	
	192 nibbles GPR
	102 Hibbios Of IX
\$FF	

FIGURE 3.2: SRAM Map of AM4F

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# 4. Pin Description

Pad Name	Attr.	Description
PRA0 / PRA2	.0 / PRA2 I/O	Four I/O modes can be optioned for each I/O pin: (1) Floating input mode, (2) IO mode, (3) pull-high input mode, (4) output mode.
PRAU/PRAZ	1/0	Or 4 kinds of output current: (1) Normal current, (2) Constant current, (3) Large current, (4) Large and Constant current.
		Four I/O modes can be optioned for each I/O pin: (1) Floating input mode, (2) IO mode, (3) pull-high input mode, (4) output mode.
PRA1 / IR	I/O	Or 4 kinds of output current: (1) Normal current, (2) Constant current, (3) Large current, (4) Large and Constant current.
		Or mask_option selected as an IR Carrier Output with programmable 38k / 56kHz
		Four I/O modes can be optioned for each I/O pin: (1) Floating input mode, (2) IO mode, (3) pull-high input mode, (4) output mode.
PRA3 / Reset	I/O	Or 4 kinds of output current: (1) Normal current, (2) Constant current, (3) Large current, (4) Large and Constant current.
		Or Mask_option selected as an external RESET pin with weak pull-high capability.
PRB0 / OSC2	I/O	Four I/O modes can be optioned for each I/O pin: (1) Floating input mode, (2) IO mode, (3) pull-high input mode, (4) output mode.
		Or crystal output for HM mode.
PRB1 / IR	I/O	Four I/O modes can be optioned for each I/O pin: (1) Floating input mode, (2) IO mode, (3) pull-high input mode, (4) output mode.
PRDI/IK		Or mask_option selected as an IR Carrier Output with programmable 38k / 56kHz
BBB0 / B /	1/0	Four I/O modes can be optioned for each I/O pin: (1) Floating input mode, (2) IO mode, (3) pull-high input mode, (4) output mode.
PRB3 / Reset	eset I/O	Or Mask_option selected as an external RESET pin with weak pull-high capability.
PRB2 PRC0~3 PRD0~3 PRE0~1		Four I/O modes can be optioned for each I/O pin: (1) Floating input mode, (2) IO mode, (3) pull-high input mode, (4) output mode.
OSC1	I	R oscillator input for RM mode, or crystal input for HM mode.
PWM1/DA1	0	PWM1 output, or Current Output of Audio 1.
PWM2/DA2	0	PWM2 output, or Current Output of Audio 2.
VDD1~3	Power	Positive power supply.
GND1~3 Power Ground Potential.		, , , , ,



## 5. Electrical Characteristics

The Characteristics of AM4FD series are described in the following table. All the data are measured in the room temperature. Different process lot or testing condition may cause variation of data result.

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Vss ~ VDD	-0.5 ~ +5.5	V
Vin (for all input)	Vss-0.3 < Vin < VDD+0.3	V
Vout (for all output)	GND < Vout < VDD	V
Top (Operating)	0 ~ +70	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
Tst (Storage)	-25 ~ +85	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$

#### 5.2 DC Characteristics

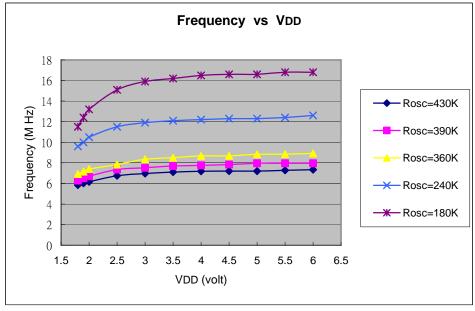
SYMBOL	PARAME	TER	VDD	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITION
VDD	Operating	voltage		2.4	3	5.5	V	8 MHz
lht		Halt	3			1	uA	Halt (Sleep) mode
			4.5			2		(5.55)
İsb	Cupply ourrent	Standby	3		90		uA	Standby mode
150	Supply current	Otaliday	4.5		180		u.A	8MHz, RM
Гор		Operating	3		1		mA	8MHz, RM,
Юр		Operating	4.5		2		111/-	I/O No Loading
	Input current	Option 0	3		-3.8			
lil	(Internal weak	Оршон о	4.5		-10		uA	Vil=0v
	pull-high)	Option 1	3		-7.5			· • ·
			4.5		-20			
loh	Output high	current	3		-6			Voh=2.70v
			4.5		-14			Voh=3.76v
lol	Output low		3		15			Vol=0.75v
IOI	(disable large disable cons		4.5		30			Vol=1.50v
	Output low		3		25		mA	Vol=1.25v
loı	(enable large disable cons		4.5		40			Vol=2v
loı	Output low (disable large		3		10			Vol=0.50v
101	enable cons	tant current)	4.5		12			Vol=0.60v
loi	Output low (enable large		3		15			Vol=0.75v
101	enable cons		4.5		18			Vol=0.90v
I <sub>PWM</sub>	PWM outpu	t current	3		16			Load=8 ohms
PWM	1 WWW output current		4.5		23			
Cout	DA1 and DA2 output current		DA1 and DA2 output current 3 0.96 ~ 4.06			mA	8MHz, RM	
			4.5	1	.06 ~ 4.	.34	, \	(Full scale)
dF/F	Frequency stability		3	-3		3	%	$\frac{Fosc(3v) - Fosc(2.4v)}{Fosc (3v)}$
dF/F	Fosc lot va	ariation	3	-8		8	%	Fosc lot variation

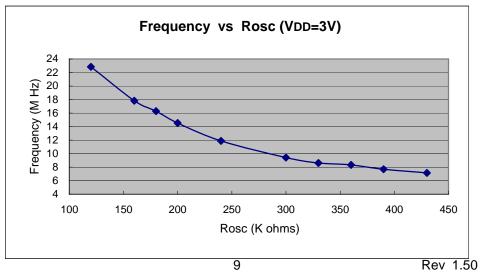
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## 5.3 Typical Rosc and VDD for RM Mode Oscillator of AM4FDxxxx

VDD	Oscillator Frequency							
<b>V</b> 00	Rosc=430K	Rosc=390K	Rosc=360K	Rosc=240K	Rosc=180K			
1.8 V	5.85 MHZ	6.28 MHZ	6.92 MHZ	9.6 MHZ	11.5 MHZ			
1.9 V	6.02 MHZ	6.49 MHZ	7.15 MHZ	10 MHZ	12.4 MHZ			
2.0 V	6.16 MHZ	6.7 MHZ	7.4 MHZ	10.5 MHZ	13.2 MHZ			
2.5 V	6.74 MHZ	7.35 MHZ	7.84 MHZ	11.5 MHZ	15.1 MHZ			
3.0 V	6.96 MHZ	7.53 MHZ	8.34 MHZ	11.9 MHZ	15.9 MHZ			
3.5 V	7.1 MHZ	7.69 MHZ	8.5 MHZ	12.1 MHZ	16.2 MHZ			
4.0 V	7.18 MHZ	7.76 MHZ	8.67 MHZ	12.2 MHZ	16.5 MHZ			
4.5 V	7.2 MHZ	7.84 MHZ	8.67 MHZ	12.3 MHZ	16.6 MHZ			
5.0 V	7.2 MHZ	7.96 MHZ	8.83 MHZ	12.3 MHZ	16.6 MHZ			
5.5 V	7.27 MHZ	7.96 MHZ	8.85 MHZ	12.4 MHZ	16.8 MHZ			
6.0 V	7.33 MHZ	7.96 MHZ	8.92 MHZ	12.6 MHZ	16.9 MHZ			







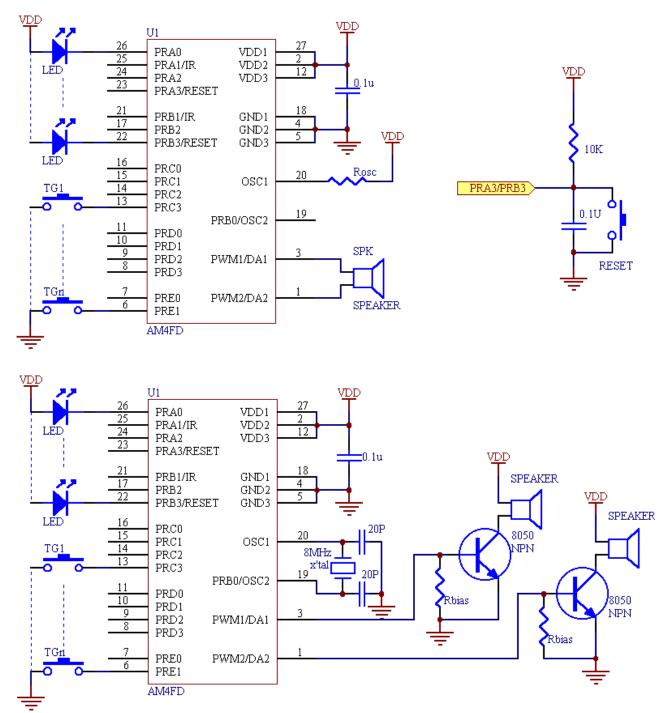
# 5.4 Typical DAC Output Current of AM4FDxxxx (Full Scale for each DAC)

Option	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
DAC Current (VDD=3V)	0.76 mA	1.38 mA	1.76 mA	2.08 mA	2.56 mA	2.92 mA	3.42 mA	4.08 mA
DAC Current (VDD=4.5V)	0.86 mA	1.50 mA	1.84 mA	2.30 mA	2.70 mA	3.22 mA	3.78 mA	4.52 mA

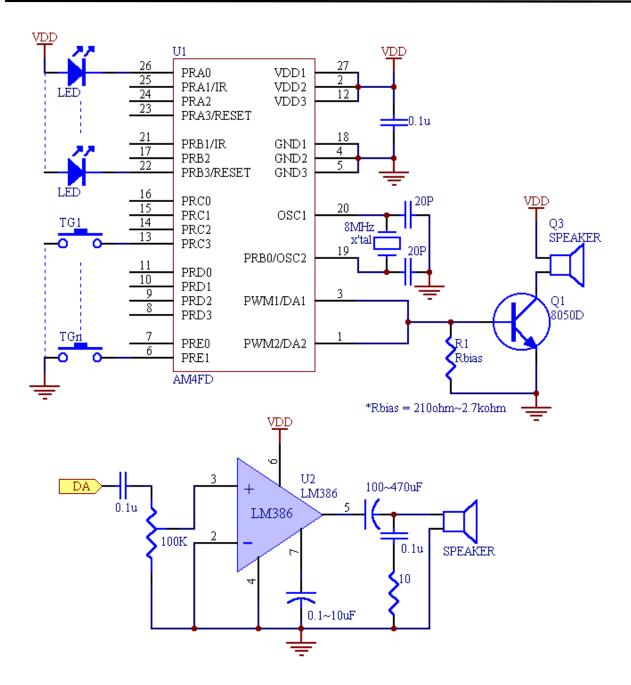
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# 6. Application Circuit









# 7. Bonding Diagram

ROM	:
	VDD1 27
	PRA0 26
	PRA1 25
	PRA2 24
1 PWM2/DA2	PRA3 23
T FWWZDAZ	PRB3 22
2 VDD2	PRB1 21
3 PWM1/DA1	OSC1 20
	PRB0/OSC2 19
4 GND2	GND1 18
GND3 PRE1 PRE0 PRD3 PRD2 PRD1 PRD0 VDD3 PRC3 PR 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	RC2 PRC1 PRC0 PRB2

**Note:** The IC substrate must be connected to GND.